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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/828,617	04/21/2004	Christopher J. Scafidi	016295.1607 (DC-06227)	5833
23640	7590 05/01/2006		EXAMINER	
BAKER BOTTS, LLP			FIGUEROA, FELIX O	
910 LOUISIA HOUSTON.	NA TX 77002-4995		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2833	

DATE MAILED: 05/01/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			W			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/828,617	SCAFIDI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Felix O. Figueroa	2833				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ldress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING E  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this c ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24.1	March 2006.					
·— ·	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowed						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4,6-12 and 19-24 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4,6-12 and 19-24 is/are rejected.  7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer  2. Certified copies of the priority documer  3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bures  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applica ority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar	y (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail [	Date	O-152)			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 01/24/2006 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

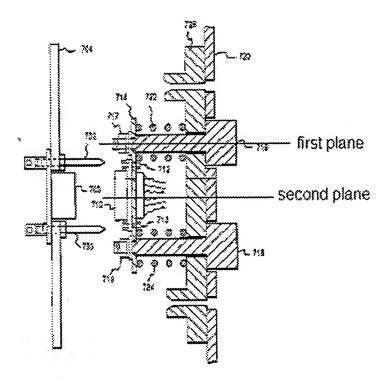
A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1, 4, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Komenda et al. (US 6,592,387).

Komenda discloses a spring-loaded assembly for coupling a connector (710) to a computer component comprising: an assembly housing (720,726) operable to receive a portion of a screw (716) used to couple the connector to a chassis (720,726) of an information handling system, so that the assembly housing is located in a first plane and the connector is located in a second plane (see following figure), the first plane offset

from and generally parallel to the second plane (see following figure); a sliding block (714) disposed in the assembly housing and operably engaged with the screw, the sliding block operable to linearly translate the connector between a first position and a second position within the second plane; and a spring (722) placed between the sliding block and at least one wall of the assembly housing, the spring disposed within the first plane and operable to provide an axial force to bias the connector towards the first position, whereby coupling the connector to the computer component causes the connector to move to a connected position intermediate the first position and the second position.



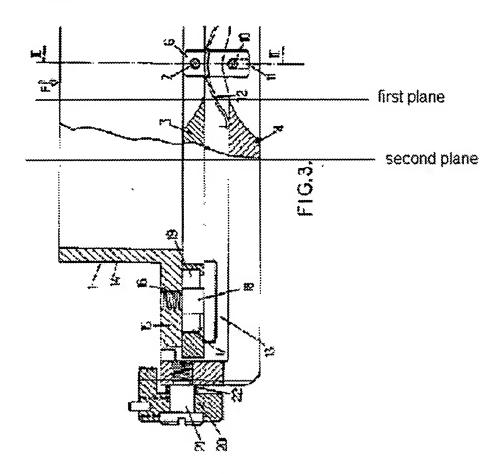
Regarding claim 4, Komenda discloses the spring-loaded assembly being formed on a portion of the chassis of an information handling system.

Page 4

Regarding claim 7, Komenda discloses wherein the axial force comprising a connector insertion force.

Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Villiers et al. (US 5,318,455).

Villiers discloses a spring-loaded assembly for coupling a connector (1) to a computer component comprising: an assembly housing (4) operable to receive a portion of a screw (18) used to couple the connector to a chassis (by 2) of an information handling system, so that the assembly housing is located in a first plane and the connector is located in a second plane (see following Figure), the first plane offset from and generally parallel to the second plane (see following figure); a sliding block (3) disposed in the assembly housing and operably engaged with the screw, the sliding block operable to move the connector between a first position and a second position; and a spring (12) placed between the sliding block and at least one wall of the assembly housing, the spring operable provides an axial force to bias the connector to a first position, whereby coupling the connector to the computer component causes the connector to move to a connected position intermediate the first and second position.



Regarding claim 2, Villiers discloses an extension member (6) coupled to and extending from the block, the extension member operable to guide the movement of the spring.

Regarding claim 3, Villiers discloses an end stop (at 11) coupled to the assembly wall adjacent the spring, the end stop operable to interact with the extension member to fix the position of the second position.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6, 8-12 and 19-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Komenda.

Regarding claim 6, Komenda discloses substantially the claimed invention except for the specific connector. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a know connector, such as a modified SATA connector in order to provide good performance while reducing cost.

Regarding claim 8, Komenda discloses substantially the claimed invention except for the memory coupled to a processor. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the connector and spring loaded assembly of Komenda within know systems, such as an information handling system with a memory coupled to a processor in order to provide a reliable and efficient electrical connection to the information handling system.

Regarding claims 9, Komenda discloses substantially the claimed invention except for the computer component being a hard disk drive However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the connector and spring loaded assembly of Komenda to connect to a know computer component, such as a hard disk drive, in order to provide a reliable and efficient electrical connection to the hard disk drive.

Regarding claim 10, Komenda discloses substantially the claimed invention except for the specific connector. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a know connector,

such as a modified SATA connector in order to provide good performance while reducing cost.

Regarding claim 11, Komenda discloses the connected position varying based on variations in manufacturing tolerances of the computer component.

Regarding claim 12, Komenda discloses the spring-loaded assembly further comprises a guide pin (702) operable to align the electrical contacts of the connector with the mated electrical contacts of the computer component.

Regarding claims 19-24, Komenda discloses the method claimed.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Felix O. Figueroa whose telephone number is (571) 272-2003. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri., 10:00am-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paula A. Bradley can be reached on (571) 272-2800 Ext. 33. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/828,617 Page 8

Art Unit: 2833

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Felix O. Figueroa

Art Unit 2833